

Cambridge International AS Level

URDU LANGUAGE

Paper 2 Reading and Writing

MARK SCHEME

8686/02

October/November 2020

Maximum Mark: 70

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2020 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[™], Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

This document consists of 18 printed pages.

© UCLES 2020 [Turn over

October/November 2020

PUBLISHED

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded positively:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

© UCLES 2020 Page 2 of 18

October/November 2020

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

© UCLES 2020 Page 3 of 18

October/November 2020

1 General Marking Notes

1.1 Annotations in RM Assessor

Question 1

Annotate the script where necessary. Use the **LM** annotation if the candidate has copied a sentence from the text.

Question 2

Annotate the script where necessary.

Questions 3 and 4

Content marks

- Annotate each correct point with a tick.
- Use the LM annotation to indicate any phrases which are copied directly from the passage.

Quality of Language Mark

• If any items have scored zero or NR for content, insert a **comment box** on the script under the last item in the question. Type in the details of the Quality of Language mark, e.g.:

```
5-2=3 OR min 1
```

Question 5

- If the answer to **5(a)** exceeds 150 words, insert a slash after the 150th word to show the end of the response to be marked.
- If the answer to **5(b)** exceeds 50 words, insert a slash <u>after</u> the 50th word to show the end of the response to be marked.

Summary

Annotate each correct point with a tick up to a maximum of 10 ticks.

© UCLES 2020 Page 4 of 18

October/November 2020

2 General Marking Principles

2.1 Please note that it is not possible to list all acceptable alternatives in the Detailed Mark Scheme provided on the following pages. You will need to consider all alternative answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts, make a decision on whether they communicate the required elements, in consultation with your Team Leader if necessary, and award marks accordingly.

2.2 More than one response offered by the candidate in Questions 1 and 2:

If a candidate gives more than one response to any of the items in **Question 1** or **Question 2** and does not indicate which is their final response, mark as follows:

Both answers correct = 1 mark

One answer correct and one answer incorrect = 0 marks

© UCLES 2020 Page 5 of 18

Cambridge International AS Level – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

| Question | Answer | Marks | Not Allowed Responses | | |
|----------|---|-------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | v answers which are copied directly from the text. must use the word(s) exactly as printed in the question. | | | | |
| 1(a) | Accept any reasonable sentence which shows the meaning of the word. | 1 | | | |
| 1(b) | Accept any reasonable sentence which shows the meaning of the word. | 1 | | | |
| 1(c) | Accept any reasonable sentence which shows the meaning of the word. | 1 | | | |
| 1(d) | Accept any reasonable sentence which shows the meaning of the word. | 1 | | | |
| 1(e) | Accept any reasonable sentence which shows the meaning of the word. | 1 | | | |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Not Allowed Responses | | |
|------------|---|-------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Question 2 | Question 2 | | | | |
| 2(a) | ظاهر /آشِكار ا/آشِكار /فاش/نما يال/شائع/اجا گر/عيال | 1 | ظاہر ہو نا/ کر نا | | |
| 2(b) | برابر/ یکسال | 1 | | | |
| 2(c) | کو شش/سعی/مشقت/محنت/کاوش/دوڑد هوپ | 1 | | | |
| 2(d) | د ستیاب/حاصل/موجود/میسر | 1 | | | |
| 2(e) | ضر دری/لاز می/لازم وملز وم | 1 | | | |

Page 6 of 18 © UCLES 2020

| Question | Answer | Marks | Not Allowed Responses |
|-------------------------|---|--------|-----------------------|
| Question 3 Do not allow | answers which are copied from the text without any manipula | ation. | |
| 3(a) | ا گرکسی ملک میں ذرائع ابلاغ آزاد نہ ہوں تو کون سے مقاصد حاصل نہیں ہو سکیں گے ؟ تین باتیں کھیے۔ | 3 | |
| | لو گوں کو ملکی حالات معلوم نہیں ہو پائیں گے | 1 | |
| | حکو متوں کی پالیسیوں پر کوئی تنقید نہیں ہو پائے گی | 1 | |
| | عوام کود نیاکے حالات کی کوئی خبر نہیں ہو پائے گ | 1 | |
| 3(b) | یہ کیسے پتا چلتا ہے کہ ماضی میں ذرائع ابلاغ کی آزاد ی محدود تھی؟ تین باتیں کھیے۔ | 3 | |
| | حکمرا نو ں کی بلاوجیہ تعریف کرنا | 1 | |
| | حکومت کے کارنامے بیان کرنا | 1 | |
| | ملکی صورت حال پر زیاده بات نه کر نا | 1 | |
| 3(c) | پورس یو نیورسٹی کی تحقیق کے مطابق ذرائع اہلاغ کی آزادی کو کن مراحل سے گزرناپڑا؟ تین باتیں کھیے۔ | 3 | |
| | ا نیسویں صدی میں ذرائع ابلاغ کو آزاد کرانے کی کوششیں ا مہم | 1 | |
| | مساوی حقوق کی کو ششوں میں بھر پور کر دار جس کی وجہ سے آزاد ی کو تقویت ملی | 1 | |
| | اکیسویں صدی میں انٹرنیٹ کی ایجاد نے نیارخ دیا | 1 | |

© UCLES 2020 Page 7 of 18

Cambridge International AS Level – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

| Question | Answer | Marks | Not Allowed Responses |
|----------|--|-------|-----------------------|
| 3(d) | حسن علی کی رائے میں کسی معاشر سے کی ترقی کے لیے ذرائع اہلاغ کیوں ضروری ہیں؟ تین باتیں کھیے۔ | 3 | |
| | مکی مسائل کی طرف لو گوں کو تو جہ دلانا | 1 | |
| | ہر خبر کی اچھی طرح سے چھان بین کر لینا | 1 | |
| | لو گول کواپنے ووٹ کی اہمیت کے بارے میں بتانا | 1 | |
| 3(e) | آخری پیرا گراف کے مطابق ذرائع اہلاغ ہماری روز مرہ کی زندگی کو کیسے خوشگوار بناتے ہیں؟ تین باتیں کھیے۔ | 3 | |
| | آرٹ اور ثقافت کی ترقی میں ذرائع ابلاغ کا مثبت کر دار / تفریخ اور لطف اندوز ہونے کامو قع فراہم کرتے ہیں | 1 | |
| | گھر میں رہ کر پیندیدہ پر و گرام دیکھ کر لطف اندوز ہو نا | 1 | |
| | اخبار ول/ر سالوں میں ولجیسپ مضامین پڑھ کر لطف اٹھانا | 1 | |

Page 8 of 18 © UCLES 2020

PUBLISHED

| Question Answer Marks Not Allowed Responses |
|---|
|---|

Quality of Language – Accuracy

[5]

October/November 2020

Very good

Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb forms, tenses, prepositions, word order).

Good

8686/02

Higher incidence of error than above, but clearly has a sound grasp of the grammatical elements in spite of lapses. Some capacity to use accurately more complex structures.

Sound

Fair level of accuracy. Common tenses and regular verbs mostly correctly formed. Some problems in forming correct agreement of adjectives. Difficulty with irregular verbs, use of prepositions.

Below average

Persistent errors in tense and verb forms. Prepositions frequently incorrect. Recurrent errors in agreement of adjectives.

0-1 Poor

Little or no evidence of grammatical awareness. Most constructions incomplete or incorrect. Consistent and repeated error.

© UCLES 2020 Page 9 of 18

| Question Answer Marks Not Allowed Responses |
|---|
|---|

Additional marking guidance for Quality of Language

The five marks available for Quality of Language are awarded **globally** for the whole performance on each set of answers.

A concise answer, containing all mark-bearing components for Content is scored on the full range of marks for language, i.e. length does not determine the Quality of Language mark.

Answers scoring 0 for Content cannot contribute to the overall Quality of Language mark.

Identify the answer(s) scoring 0 for Content in the whole set of answers. Then add together the number of Content marks available for each of these questions and reduce the Quality of Language mark according to the following table:

| Total Content marks available on questions where a candidate scores 0 | Reduce Quality of Language mark by: |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 2–3 | 1 |
| 4–5 | 2 |
| 6–7 | 3 |
| 8–14 | 4 |
| 15 | 5 |

Note: A minimum of one mark for Quality of Language should be awarded if there are any Content marks at all (i.e. 0 Quality of Language marks only if 0 Content marks).

© UCLES 2020 Page 10 of 18

| Question | Answer | Marks | Not Allowed Responses |
|-------------------------|--|--------|-----------------------|
| Question 4 Do not allow | answers which are copied from the text without any manipula | ation. | |
| 4(a) | عبارت کے مطابق جدید ذرائع اہلاغ حکومتوں پر کس طرح اثرانداز ہوتے ہیں؟ تنین با تنیں کھیے۔ | 3 | |
| | حکو متیں ذرائع ابلاغ کے ذریعے عوام کی رائے معلوم کرتی ہیں | 1 | |
| | پالیسیوں پر تنقید کی وجہ سے بہتر کام کرنے کی کوشش کرتی ہیں | 1 | |
| | ذرائع ابلاغ کو نظرانداز کرنے سے انتخاب جیتنامشکل | 1 | |
| 4(b) | کن وجوہات کی بناپر چند ممالک میں ذرائع ابلاغ کی مکمل آزاد ی کواچھا نہیں سمجھاجاتا؟ تین یا تیں لکھیں۔ | 3 | |
| | حجمو ٹی افواہیں پھیلانا | 1 | |
| | عوام سچ اور جھوٹ میں فرق نہیں کریاتے | 1 | |
| | معاشرے میں بے یقینی کا پیدا ہو نا | 1 | |
| 4(c) | اخباری رپورٹ کے مطابق والدین سوشل میڈیا کے بارے میں کیوں فکر مند ہیں؟ تین وجوہات لکھیں۔ | 3 | |
| | بچوں/نوجوانوں/جوانوں کاوقت ضائع کر نا | 1 | |
| | بچوں/نوجوانوںکے ذہنوں پر خراب اثرات ڈالنا | 1 | |
| | والدین کاسوشل میڈیاپر کنژول نہ ہونا/ بچوں کوسوشل میڈیاسے دور نہ کر سکنا | 1 | |

© UCLES 2020 Page 11 of 18

| Question | Answer | Marks | Not Allowed Responses |
|----------|--|-------|-----------------------|
| 4(d) | عبارت کے مطابق اشتہارات کی وجہ سے کیا منفی نتائج حاصل ہوتے ہیں؟ تین باتیں کھیے۔ | 3 | |
| | لوگ خریدتے وقت چیز کیاصلیت/حقیقت سے واقف نہیں ہوں گے | 1 | |
| | انہیں خریدی جانے والی چیز کے معیار کا پیۃ نہیں ہو گا/غیر معیاری اشیا خرید لیتے ہیں | 1 | |
| | لوگ چیزوں کی ^{مہنگ} ی قیم <u>ت</u> ادا کریں گے | 1 | |
| 4(e) | سمیراخان کے مطابق حکومتیں ذرائع اہلاغ کو کیوں پسند نہیں کر تیں؟ تین باتیں کھیے۔ | 3 | |
| | انہیں کوئیان کے وعدے یاد د لائے | 1 | |
| | ناقص کار کر دگی کاپر دہ فاش کر ہے | 1 | |
| | قومی مسائل کی طرف توجہ دلانے پر مجبور کرے | 1 | |

© UCLES 2020 Page 12 of 18

October/November 2020

| Question | Answer Marks | rks Not Allowed Responses |
|----------|--------------|---------------------------|
|----------|--------------|---------------------------|

Quality of Language – Accuracy

[5]

5 Very good

Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb forms, tenses, prepositions, word order).

4 Good

Higher incidence of error than above, but clearly has a sound grasp of the grammatical elements in spite of lapses. Some capacity to use accurately more complex structures.

3 Sound

Fair level of accuracy. Common tenses and regular verbs mostly correctly formed. Some problems in forming correct agreement of adjectives. Difficulty with irregular verbs, use of prepositions.

2 Below average

Persistent errors in tense and verb forms. Prepositions frequently incorrect. Recurrent errors in agreement of adjectives.

0-1 Poor

Little or no evidence of grammatical awareness. Most constructions incomplete or incorrect. Consistent and repeated error.

© UCLES 2020 Page 13 of 18

Cambridge International AS Level – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

October/November 2020

| Question Answer Marks Not Allowed Responses |
|---|
|---|

Additional marking guidance for Quality of Language

The five marks available for Quality of Language are awarded **globally** for the whole performance on each set of answers.

A concise answer, containing all mark-bearing components for Content is scored on the full range of marks for language, i.e. length does not determine the Quality of Language mark.

Answers scoring 0 for Content cannot contribute to the overall Quality of Language mark.

Identify the answer(s) scoring 0 for Content in the whole set of answers. Then add together the number of Content marks available for each of these questions and reduce the Quality of Language mark according to the following table:

| Total Content marks available on questions where a candidate scores 0 | Reduce Quality of Language mark by: |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 2–3 | 1 |
| 4–5 | 2 |
| 6–7 | 3 |
| 8–14 | 4 |
| 15 | 5 |

Note: A minimum of one mark for Quality of Language should be awarded if there are any Content marks at all (i.e. 0 Quality of Language marks only if 0 Content marks).

© UCLES 2020 Page 14 of 18

| _ | | | | |
|-------|--------|-------|-----|-------------------------------|
| O-1- | L / N | Jovem | | $\alpha \alpha \alpha \alpha$ |
| LICTO | nor/is | invam | nΔr | 711711 |
| | | | | |

| Question | Answer | Marks | Not Allowed Responses |
|----------|--------|-------|-----------------------|
| Question | Answer | warks | Not Allowed Responses |

Question 5

Length of 5(a) + 5(b) (Summary and Personal Response)

- Examiners make a rough estimate of the length by a quick calculation of the number of words on a line.
- If the answer to either (a) or (b) is clearly too long, calculate the length more precisely.
- If the answer to **5(a)** exceeds 150 words, insert a slash <u>after</u> the 150th word to show the end of the response to be marked.
- If the answer to **5(b)** exceeds 50 words, insert a slash <u>after</u> the 50th word to show the end of the response to be marked.

Content marks – Summary

Indicate with a tick in the body of the text the point being rewarded. Do not penalise 'lifting' for content marks in this exercise, but excessive reliance on the text will reduce the language mark.

The summary could include the following points (award 1 mark for each point covered up to a maximum of 10 points):

| 5(a) | Positive aspects | 10 | |
|------|---|----|--|
| | - لو گوں کو ملکی حالات سے باخبر رکھنا/ملکی حالات سے آگاہ کر نا | | |
| | - حکومت کی پالیسیوں پر تنقید کر نا/عوام کی رائے معلوم کر نا | | |
| | -لو گوں کود نیامیں رو نماہونے والے واقعات سے آگاہ کر نا | | |
| | -مساوی حقوق کی کوششوں میں کر دارادا کر نا/معاشرے کی تعمیر وتر قی میں کر دار | | |
| | - تفریح کے مواقع فراہم کرنا/ ٹیلیو ژن پراپنے پسندیدہ پر و گراموں کالطف اٹھانا/ | | |
| | آرٹ اور ثقافت کو فر وغ دینا/اخبار وں اور رسالوں میں دلچیپ مضمو نوں کالطف اٹھانا | | |
| | - حکومت کی کار کردگی کو بهتر بنانا <u>۔</u> | | |
| | - اشتہارات کے زریعے کاروبار کی ترقی | | |
| | - ووٹ کی قدر وقیمت سے آگاہ کرنا | | |

© UCLES 2020 Page 15 of 18

Cambridge International AS Level – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

| Question | Answer | Marks | Not Allowed Responses |
|----------|---|-------|-----------------------|
| 5(a) | Negative aspects | | |
| | -غلط قسم کی افواہیں بھیلانا | | |
| | - عوام غلط اور صحیح میں فرق نہیں کر پاتے | | |
| | -معاشرے میں بے یقینی کا پیدا ہونا | | |
| | - بچوں کا قیمتی وقت ضائع ہو نا | | |
| | - نوجوانوں/بچوں کے ذہنوں پر منفی اثرات | | |
| | -اشتہاروں میں لو گوں کو حقیقت سے دورر کھنا | | |
| | - فروخت ہونے والی چیز ول کے معیار کاعلم نہ ہو نا/منہ مانگی قیمت ادا کر دینا | | |

© UCLES 2020 Page 16 of 18

| | FUBLISHED | | | | |
|--|-----------|--|-------|--|--|
| Question | | Answer | Marks | Not Allowed Responses | |
| Content ma | arks - | - Response to the Text | | | |
| | | essay according to the variety and interest of the opinion ress a personal point of view. Further, more detailed guid | | es expressed, the response to the original text stimulus and articular questions will be given to examiners. | |
| پ کی رائے میں خبر ول کے لیے کون ساذر النع اہلاغ سب سے اچھاہے اور کیوں؟ | | | 5 | | |
| | 5 | Very good Varied and interesting ideas, showing an element of flair and imagination, a capacity to express a personal point of view. | | | |
| | 4 | Good Not the flair and imagination of the best candidates, but work still shows an ability to express a range of ideas, maintain interest and respond to the issues raised. | | | |
| | 3 | Sound A fair level of interest and ideas. May concentrate on a single issue, but there is still a response to ideas in the text. | | | |
| | 2 | Below average Limited range of ideas; rather humdrum. May disregard the element of response to the text, and write a largely unrelated free-composition. | | | |
| | 0- | 1 Poor Few ideas to offer on the theme. Banal and pedestrian. No element of personal response to the text. Repeated error. | | | |

© UCLES 2020 Page 17 of 18

October/November 2020

Quality of Language – Accuracy

[5]

5 Very good

Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb forms, tenses, prepositions, word order).

4 Good

Higher incidence of error than above, but clearly has a sound grasp of the grammatical elements in spite of lapses. Some capacity to use accurately more complex structures.

3 Sound

Fair level of accuracy. Common tenses and regular verbs mostly correctly formed. Some problems in forming correct agreement of adjectives. Difficulty with irregular verbs, use of prepositions.

2 Below average

Persistent errors in tense and verb forms. Prepositions frequently incorrect. Recurrent errors in agreement of adjectives.

0-1 Poor

Little or no evidence of grammatical awareness. Most constructions incomplete or incorrect. Consistent and repeated error.

© UCLES 2020 Page 18 of 18